# Cinergy Communications FCC Ex Parte Visit Triennial Review Remand

November 23, 2004

# Company Fact Sheet

- Projected FY 2005 Revenues: \$80 Million+
- Profitable for seven consecutive years
- Positive Net Equity of \$30 Million+
- Senior Credit Facility for \$45 Million
- 8 Sales Offices serving IN, KY, TN, OH, IL
- 500+ Associates (doubled since end of 2002)

# Company Fact Sheet

- 67,000+ local access lines
- 70,000+ long distance access lines
- 19,000+ Internet dial-up accounts
- 108 Collocation/POPs (approximately 25% fitted for facilitiesbased local service)
- Two Class 4/5 Switches and One Class 4 Switch
- 5,000 fiber route miles
- \$26 million in capital investments over the past 2 years

## **Innovative Company**

- First interconnect company in region (Paducah, KY) 1969.
- First local company in our region to offer consumers a lowercost alternative for long distance service -- 1982.
- First Internet Service Provider (ISP) in our region -- 1994.
- One of the first phone companies doing business following deregulation of local telephone service under the "Telecommunications Act of 1996."
- Started Delivering VOIP to business customers (member of Pulver 100) -- 2003.
- Rolled out Desktop Management services -- 2003

### Historical Local Services Strategy

- Build Concentrations Using UNE-P
- Offer as many advanced (typically data) services as practical and possible
- Migrate to Facilities
  - First Focus: Commercial DS1
    - Gain facilities experience
    - Build Operational Support Systems
    - Service Start Date: January 2002
  - Second Focus: Resi and Commercial UNE-L
    - Work through Hot-Cut Issues
    - Ensure business case viability
    - Testing Start Date: November 2004

#### **DS1** Factors

- Success based on UNE DS1 availability
  - Minimum Services Requirement (MSR): Minimum monthly revenue to justify serving a customer
    - Cost Factors
      - DS1 NRC and MRC (varies by zone)
      - Collo equipment and backhaul transport
      - Sales costs and Installation labor costs
      - Customer Premise Equipment
    - Sample MSRs
      - Indiana -- Evansville, Indianapolis, Bloomington: \$310
      - Kentucky Louisville, Owensboro, Paducah: \$395
      - Kentucky Bowling Green, Madisonville, Henderson: \$430
      - Kentucky Princeton, Eddyville: \$1,125

#### **DS1** Factors

#### Competitive Analysis

- Indiana (SBC Region)
  - 1-10 lines Approximately \$32 each
  - 11+ lines Approximately \$22 each (Driven by Centrex)
  - Small Business DSL \$80
  - Sample Customer
    - 5 lines plus DSL \$240
    - 11 lines plus DSL \$322
  - MSR: \$310 only viable for 8 lines and above
    - No business case to serve customers using Special Access. MSRs approximately \$500.
- Kentucky (BellSouth Region)
  - Louisville local lines Approximately \$25 each
  - Owensboro local lines Approximately \$30 Each
  - Small Business DSL \$50
  - Sample Customer
    - 5 lines plus DSL \$175 (Lvl); \$200 (BG)
    - 11 lines plus DSL \$325 (Lvl); \$380 (BG)
  - MSR: \$395 (LvI); \$430 (BG) only viable in Louisville for 14+ lines; only viable in Bowling Green for 13+ lines.
    - No business case to serve customers using Special Access. MSRs nearly \$600.

#### **UNE-L Factors**

- Concentrations in Serving Wire Center Critical
  - Kentucky
    - Bowling Green 2,384
    - Owensboro 2,180
    - Hopkinsville 1,044
    - Louisville (AP) 425
  - Indiana
    - Jeffersonville 1,199
    - New Albany 911
    - Vincennes --- 543
    - Indianapolis (01) -- 370
- Economically Viable Given Current UNE-L Availability
  - Fear 1: Rate increases on loops
  - Fear 2: Loops unavailable (FTTC Broadband Relief)
  - Result: Millions spent and equipment stranded

### Requests

- Continued access to UNE-P for embedded base for at least two years – including moves, adds, and changes – in order for Cinergy Communications to transition customers to facilitiesbased services.
- Continued access to UNE DS1 and DS3 loops; continued access to transport including EELs.
- Clarification stating the FTTC ruling applies only to new construction and that CLECs have continued access to existing copper at UNE rates.
- Burden should be on RBOC to demonstrate no impairment exists without access to its network elements.